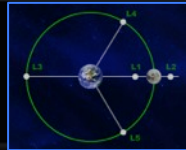




# The Next Great Ship: NASA's Space Launch System

Todd A. May, Program Manager  
Space Launch System (SLS)

*April 15, 2013*





***...they should open opportunities***





# The Next Great Ship





# “The New Ocean”





# Islands In Our Ocean



International  
Space Station  
220 mi

Europa  
390,400,000 mi



Lagrangian Point L2  
274,000 mi

Mars  
34,600,000 mi

Curiosity



Earth

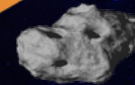
Commercial Partners

70 t

Moon  
239,000 mi



Near-Earth  
Asteroid  
~3,100,000 mi

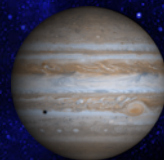
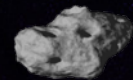
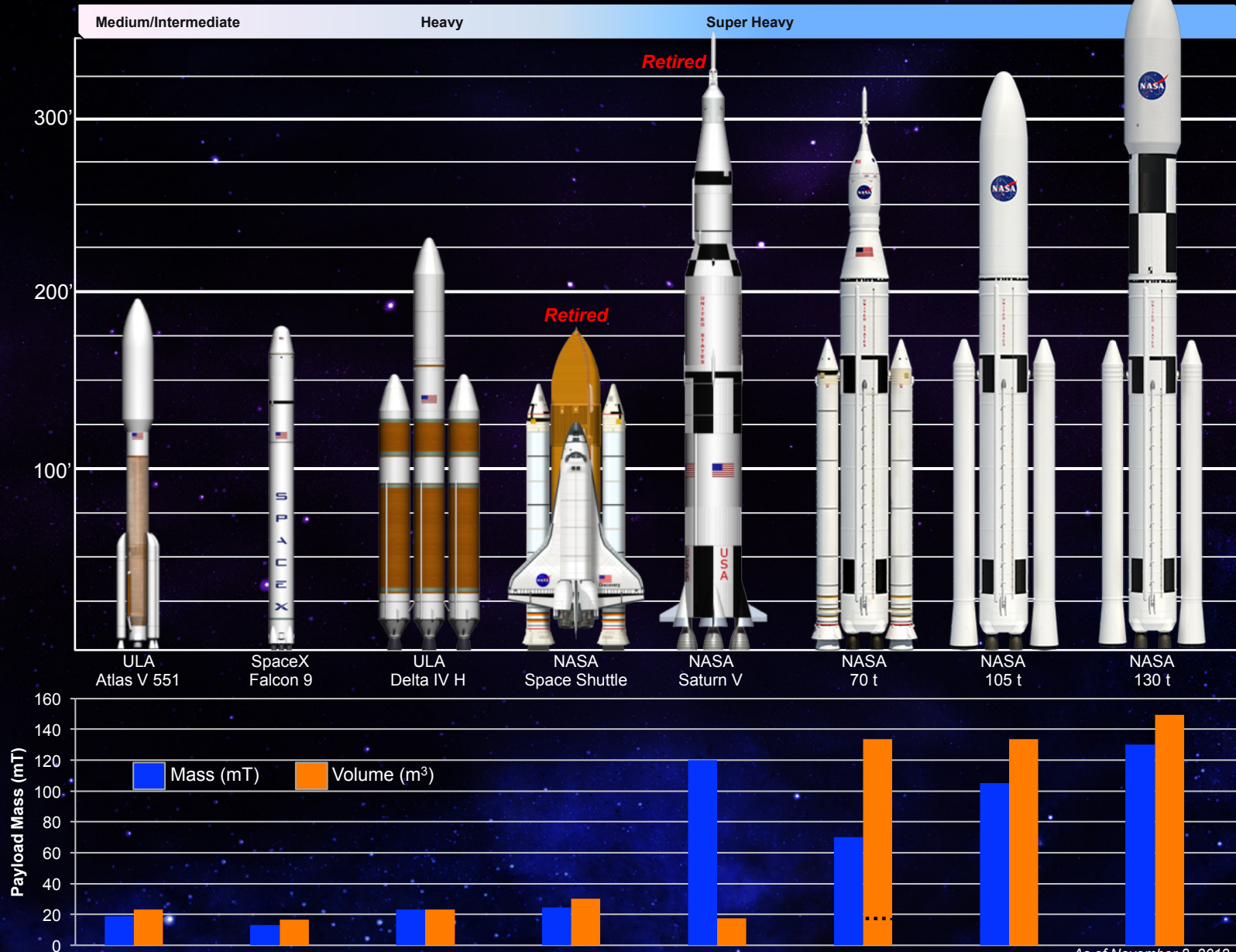


The Space Launch System [will] be the **backbone** of its manned spaceflight program for decades. It [will] be the most **powerful** rocket in NASA's history...and puts NASA on a more **sustainable** path to continue our tradition of **innovative** space exploration.

President Obama's Accomplishments for NASA  
May 22, 2012



# Most Capable U.S. Launch Vehicle





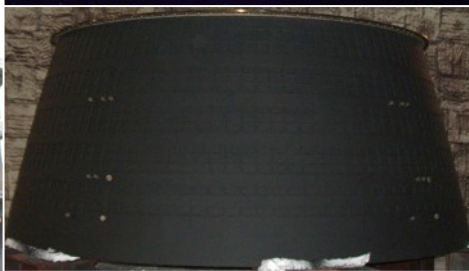
# Liquid Engines Progress



RS-25 engines in inventory at Stennis Space Center for first four flights



Reinstalling J-2X E10001 in A-2 test stand at SSC



J-2X Nozzle Extension for engine tests

Full-duration test of J-2X E10002 in A-2 test stand at Stennis Space Center in February 2013





# Boosters Progress



Flight Control  
Test-2 in  
January 2013  
at ATK in  
Promontory,  
Utah



Qualification Motor casting, July 2012



MSFC tested a small solid  
rocket motor designed to  
mimic NASA's SLS booster



Development Motor Test 3 on September 8, 2011 at ATK in Promontory, Utah



Value stream  
mapping will  
reduce production  
costs for SLS  
boosters



# Stages and Avionics Progress

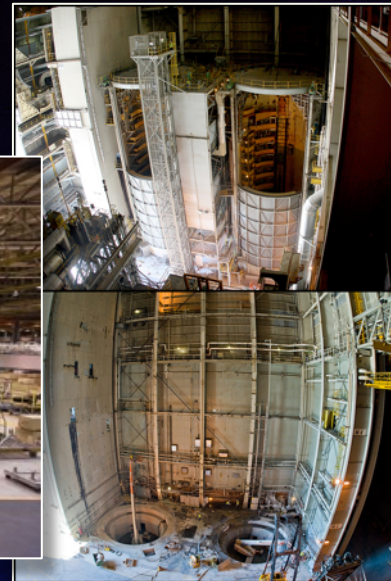


First test panel for SLS Core Stage liquid hydrogen tank in December 2012 at AMRO Fabricating Corp. in South El Monte, Calif.



Avionics Software Test-Bed May 2012

Refurbishment of  
Michoud Assembly  
Facility in Louisiana  
to prepare for SLS  
Core Stage  
construction.





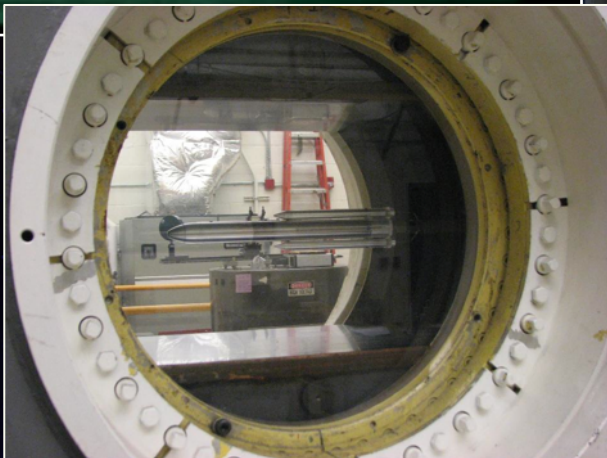
# Systems Engineering & Integration Progress



The 70-metric-ton configuration of the SLS rocket, designed to carry the Orion spacecraft, completed 4 months of testing in Marshall's Trisonic Wind Tunnel in August 2012.

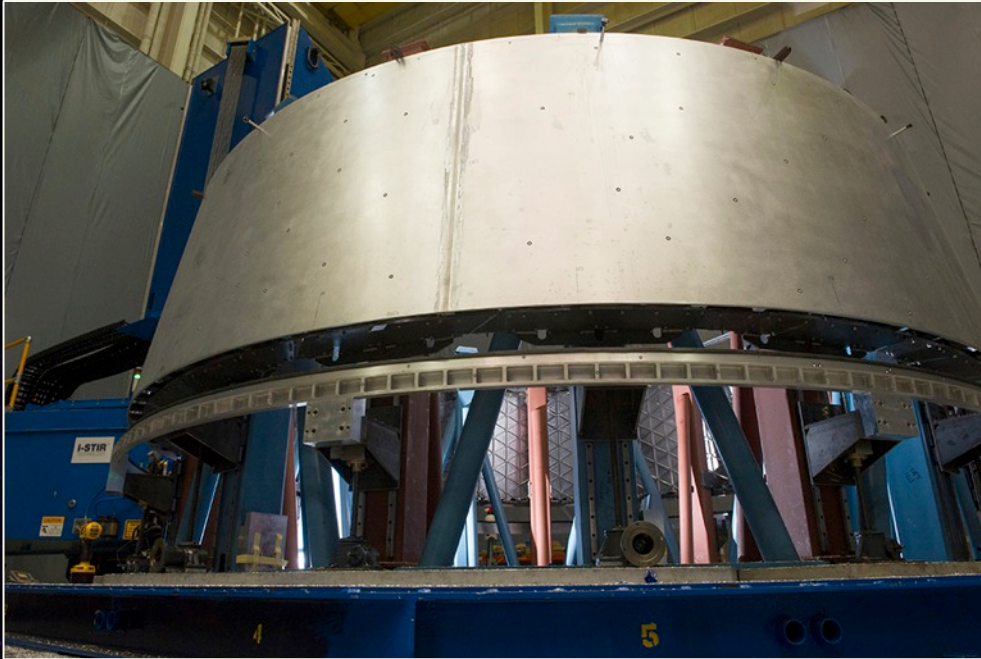


NASA's Space Launch System buffet model in NASA's Langley Research Center's Transonic Dynamics Tunnel in November 2012.





# Spacecraft & Payload Integration Progress



Production of the first flight version of the Multi-Purpose Crew Vehicle to Stage Adapter at Marshall Space Flight Center in early 2013.



Delivering of rings for the MSA to Marshall in December 2012

Assembly of the MSA pathfinder during 2012

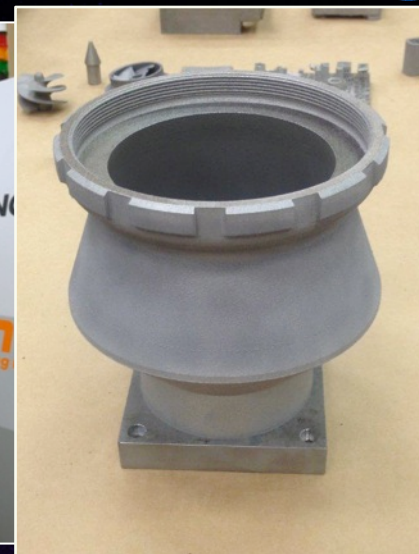




# Advanced Development Progress



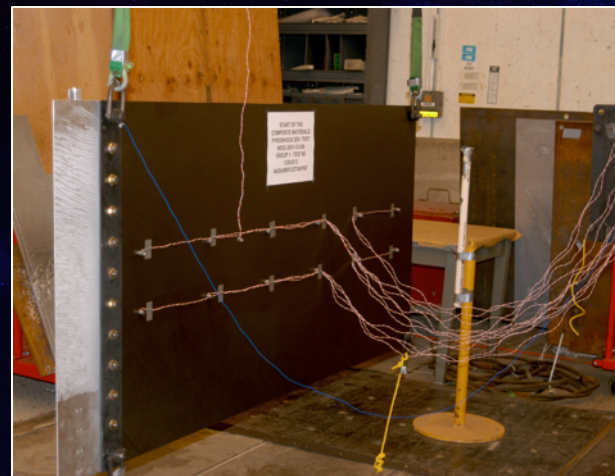
Advanced Booster Risk Reduction contracts awarded in October 2012; upper stage engine contracts awarded in January 2013



Selective Laser Melting equipment at MSFC in November 2012

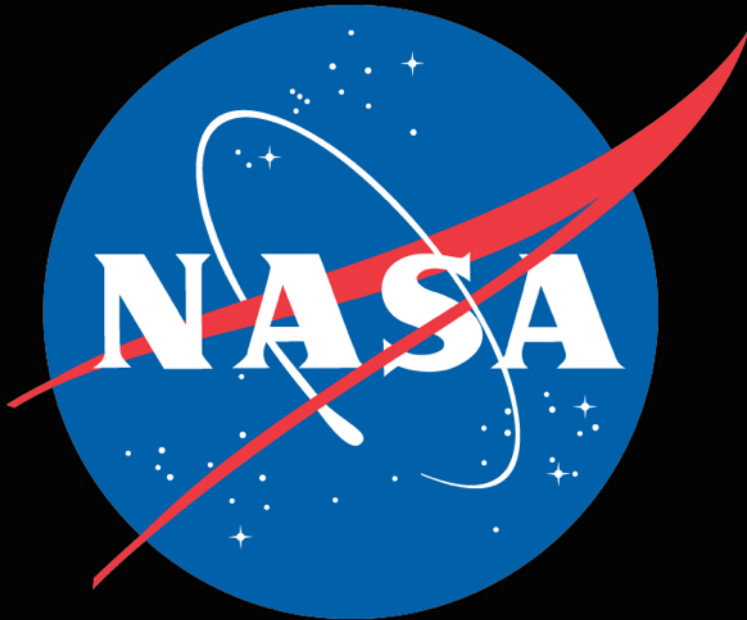


F-1 engine gas generator hot fire test at Marshall Space Flight Center in January 2013



Pyroshock composite panel testing at MSFC in February 2012





*Somewhere, something  
incredible is waiting to  
be known.*

— Carl Sagan

**For More Information**

[www.nasa.gov/sls](http://www.nasa.gov/sls)

[www.twitter.com/nasa\\_sls](http://www.twitter.com/nasa_sls)

[www.facebook.com/nasasls](http://www.facebook.com/nasasls)